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Kenſington, September 15.

THE following Addreſſes having been tranſmitted to his Grace the Duke of Devonſhire, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, have been preſented to his Majeſty (in the Abſence of his Grace) by the Right Honourable the Lord Harrington, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State: Which Addreſſes his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The humble Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Juſtices of the Peace, and Gentlemen Freeholders of the County of Waterford.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, beſeech your Majeſty to accept our ſincereſt Congratulations on the late happy Addition to your Royal Houſe; and beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that we eſteem every Increaſe of your Royal Family, as a Pledge and Security for the future Peace and Happineſs of this Kingdom.

Your Majeſty's great and eminent Virtues, your unwearied Care for the Preſervation of the Proteſtant Religion, your tender Concern for the Rights of all your Subjects, make your Majeſty's Reign a Bleſſing to your People, and engage our Hearts and Wiſhes, that it may long continue, to your Majeſty's Glory, and to our Joy: And we moſt earneſtly hope, that a Prince of your illuſtrious Houſe may always be our King and Governor, and be formed by your Majeſty's great and good Example.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The humble Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Juſtices of the Peace, and Freeholders of the County of Kerry.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, amidſt the general Joy that the Birth of a Prince muſt create in all your Majeſty's People, beg Leave to teſtify, in a moſt humble Manner, the Senſe we have of that great and invaluable Bleſſing.

This happy Event, as it muſt revive in us, and in every one of your Majeſty's loyal Subjects, a grateful Remembrance of the Happineſs we have already enjoy'd under the Protection of your Auguſt Houſe, ſo it gives us the pleaſing Proſpect of the Continuance of the ſame under your Royal Line.

That your Majeſty's Reign over us may be long, very long and happy; and that our lateſt Poſterity may be ruled by one of your Royal Deſcendants, are the moſt earneſt Wiſhes and Prayers of,

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,
Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful
and loyal Subjects.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The humble Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Juſtices of the Peace, and Gentlemen Freeholders of the County of Tipperary.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, approach your ſacred Perſon with joyful Hearts, to expreſs a juſt Senſe of our Happineſs, in the late Increaſe of your Majeſty's Royal Family.

The Bleſſings we feel under your Majeſty's moſt auſpicious Reign, are the Effects of your Majeſty's innate Goodneſs and great Wiſdom, Virtues derived down to your Majeſty from your glorious Anceſtors, which engage the Affections of all your People; and the Birth of a Prince enlarges the Hopes of your faithful Subjects, that our Poſterity may as perfectly and ſecurely enjoy their civil and religious Rights, as we now do under your Majeſty.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Sheriffs, and Commonalty of the City of Corke, and of the Grand Jury, at a General Aſſizes and General Goal Delivery held for the ſaid City and County thereof, on the 25th Day of July, 1738.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, moſt humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty upon the late Increaſe of your Royal Family by the Birth of a Prince.

When

(Price Two Pence.)

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When we conſider the many and moſt valuable Bleſſings we enjoyed under the Reign of your late Royal Father, of glorious Memory, not only fully continued to us, but enlarged under your moſt wiſe and gracious Government, ever ſince your Majeſty's moſt happy Acceſſion to the Throne; when we reflect on the moſt tranſcendent Virtues that ſo eminently ſhine forth in your Royal Deſcendants; permit us, with all Humility, to aſſure your Majeſty, that it is with the greateſt Joy of Heart we behold the glorious Proſpect of a long Succeſſion of Princes to be deſcended from your moſt Royal and illuſtrious Perſon.

And we moſt heartily pray, that when it ſhall at laſt pleaſe the Almighty Diſpoſer of all Power to take you to his Glory, we and our lateſt Poſterity ſhall not want one of your Royal Line to rule over us and them. In Teſtimony whereof, we have hereunto ſubſcribed our Names, and cauſed the common Seal of the ſaid City to be affixed the Day and Year aforeſaid.

Journal of the Imperial Army. The 26th of Auguſt in the Morning the Army march'd to Krotzka. A Lieutenant with 50 Men was left at Semendria, to reinforce the Garriſon of 50 Men there. The Bridge of Boats and the Ships of War were order'd up to Belgrade. The 27th the Army reſted: In the following Night, we marched towards Zweybrucken, arrived there the 28th at Seven in the Morning, and encamp'd near that Place with our Left on a riſing Ground towards the Danube. The 29th we continue ſo encamp'd: The heavy Baggage which was order'd directly to Belgrade, is recall'd hither.

Belgrade, Aug. 30. *N. S.* The Prince of Saxe Hildburgſhauſen being perfectly recovered of his Indiſpoſition, ſet out from hence on the 25th Inſtant on his Return to the Army. Care is taking for the Defence of Temeſwaer, if it ſhould be attack'd. On the 27th an Engineer with 26 Gunners were ſent from hence thither, and a Supply of the like Number is expected here from Peterwaradin. A few Days ago the Commandant of this Place cauſed all the uſeleſs or unſerviceable Perſons, and ſuch as live idly and follow no Employment, to be ſeized by the Guards, carried out of the Town, and conveyed over the Bridge on the Save. A Number of Men have been employed for ſeveral Days in ſtrengthening our Fortifications. To Day two of our Ships of War returned hither; the other remains on the Danube near our Army till further Order.

Vienna, Sept. 6, *N. S.* The Account printed here by Authority and publiſhed to Day, of the Loſs of Orſova, is as follows: We have received Advice, that notwithſtanding the brave Reſiſtance of the Garriſon of Orſova, and the introducing to them ſucceſsfully but a few Days before, Succours of Men, Proviſions, and Medicines, that Fortreſs was forced to yield to the Enemy, together with Fort St. Elizabeth. The extraordinary Fall of the Waters of the Danube, by which ſeveral Banks of Sand were left dry, occaſion'd chiefly this unexpected Event; the Place having thereby not only loſt much of its natural Defence, but the Enemy by Means of thoſe dry Sands, taking other Advantages which might have enabled the Place to hold out longer, had not the Accident of that ſo ſudden and extraordinary Sinking of the River happen'd. Beſides, the Diſtempers which every Year are frequent at this Seaſon in thoſe Parts, did this Year ſpread more and with greater Mortality than in preceeding Years, and prevailed ſo among the Garriſon, that notwithſtanding the foremention'd Succours, they were reduced to ſuch extreme Weakneſs, that they were not able to make any further Reſiſtance. Wherefore they capitulated with the Enemy, and by virtue of the Articles between them, were to march out with all their Arms. Fort St. Elizabeth having repell'd two vigorous Aſſaults, was by the Loſs of Orſova rendred defenceleſs, and therefore ſurrendred on the ſame Terms.

Hague, Sept. 19, *N. S.* The Ruſſian Ambaſſadour here has received Advices to Day from his Court by an Expreſs, of Felt Marſhal Munich's Proceedings to the 17th paſt, N. S. the chief Particulars of which are, that having paſſed the 7th, 8th, and Part of the 9th of that Month upon the Banks of the Dnieſter, between the Rivers Molokiſch and Bilocze, in cannonading the Turkiſh Army, which was intrenched on the oppoſite Side, he found the Paſſage of the Dnieſter in that Place, through the Steepneſs of its Banks, and the Works thrown up by the Enemy, in a Manner impracticable; and accordingly on the 9th in the Evening he withdrew higher up into the Country along the Bilocze: That the Enemy taking this Motion for a Flight, ſent over the greateſt Part of their Cavalry to join the Tartars, who accordingly during the 10th and 11th as he was incamped upon that River, made ſeveral furious Attempts upon him, which however he had had the Happineſs to ſuſtain and repel with conſiderable Loſs to the Turks; who being retired, he croſſed the Bilocze on the 13th, and turning again to the Left, marched along the Banks of the Dnieſter up to a Place or River (from whence he dates his Relation on the 17th) called Kamitnicza, a little below Soroka. The Expreſs with the foregoing News left Petersbourg the 3d Inſtant.

Whitehall, September 1, 1738.

Whereas divers evil-diſpoſed Perſons have, for ſome time paſt, made a Practice of filing Guineas, and putting them off at the Bank, and other Places: His Majeſty, for the apprehending the Perſons concerned in filing Guineas as aforeſaid, is pleaſed to promiſe a Reward of One Hundred Pounds, over and above the Reward allowed by Act of Parliament, upon Conviction of each of the Perſons concerned in the aboveſaid Practice. And whereas ſome of the Perſons concerned in filing of Guineas

Guineas have been supplied with Engines for edging or milling the Guineas after they have been filed as aforesaid, by one or more Persons that have made the same for the Purposes aforesaid; His Majesty, for the apprehending any Person or Persons concerned in the making or mending any Engine or Instrument made for the edging or milling any of the Gold Coin of this Kingdom, doth promise the like Reward, upon Conviction of each of the Persons concerned in making or mending any Instrument made for the Purposes aforesaid. And whereas John Carter, Francis Kelham, David Roberts, and Joseph Benson, against whom Informations have been taken upon Oath, have, since the Discovery of these Facts, left their Habitations, and absconded: His Majesty is pleased to promise the like Reward for the apprehending each of them, upon their or either of their being convicted; and, as a further Encouragement, is pleased to promise his most gracious Pardon to any Person who shall discover his Accomplice or Accomplices in the said Facts. HARRINGTON.

John Carter *is a tall thin Man, of a pale Complexion, and is lame of one Foot which turns inwards; he is a Watch-Graver by Trade, formerly kept an Alehouse in West-Smithfield, but lodged last at the Duke's Head in St. John's Square.*

Francis Kelham, *a little Man with a red Complexion, who lately kept the Rose and Crown Ale-house in Bartholomew Close, till he absconded. They have both been frequently seen at Horse Races, Gaming-Tables, Hazard, Cockfighting Matches.*

David Roberts, *by Trade a Carpenter, about 5 Foot 8 or 9 Inches high, of a fairish fresh Complexion, about 35 Years of Age, who kept the Coach and Horses Inn in the City of Coventry about two Years ago, since lodged in Cold Bath Fields, London, afterwards at one Williams, a Chandler on Saffron Hill, afterwards moved and kept a House in the Market-place, Hoxton, from thence moved to the Broad Sanctuary, Westminster, from thence to the Mulberry Garden in St. George's Fields, Southwark, from thence to Wood's Close near Clerkenwell; his last Habitation was near the Three Hats, Islington.*

Joseph Benson, *about 5 Foot 6 Inches high, between 60 and 70 Years old, stoops a little, wears a Wig, and his Hair pretty long under it, and is a thin spare Man, born near Naresborough in Yorkshire, by Trade a Gunsmith, noted for making Cross Bows, formerly lived in Dublin; his last Place of Habitation was at Cats-Hole in St. Catherine's, near the Tower. N. B.* Joseph Benson *is the Maker of the Engine lately found in the New River, and has made several Engines for milling the Guineas, and is reckoned by the Gunsmiths an ingenious Man at his Business. Whoever apprehends either of the said Persons, or any other Person concerned in these Practices, may apply themselves to Mr. Ashton, in Surry-street in the Strand, or to Mr. North, near Fishmongers-Hall, in Thames street.*

General Post Office, London, August 27, 1738.

Whereas the Post-Boy carrying the North Mail from London, was set upon and robbed by a single Person on Foot, this Morning between the Hours of Two and Three, on this Side Kingsland, near London: The Postmaster General thinks proper to make it publickly known, That whoever shall apprehend the Person who committed this Robbery, will, upon Conviction, be entituled to a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, besides the Reward by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen: Or if any Accomplice in the said Robbery, shall make a Discovery of the Person who committed the Fact, such Accomplice will be entitled to the said Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, and also have his Majesty's most gracious Pardon.

By Order of the Post Master General,

John Jesse, *Clerk.*

The Person who committed this Robbery, is described to be a middle-siz'd Man, had on a light-colour'd close bodied Coat, with close Sleeves, and a full Bob Wig pretty light, with a Paper Mask over his Face. He carried off the five following Bags, viz. Hartford, Peterborough, Horncastle, Louth, *and* Boston; *and likewise took the greatest Part of the Letters out of the* Enfield, Ware, St. Ives, *and* Royston Bags.

Note, *There were two Men at a small Distance from him, suppos'd to be his Accomplices.*

General Post-Office, London, Sept. 13, 1738.

Whereas the Post-Boy, carrying the Bristol Mail from London, was set upon and robbed by three Men on Horseback, and one on Foot, about three of the Clock this Morning, between Knightsbridge and Kensington, who carried off the Bristol, Bath, Hereford, Leominster, and Prestaign Bags.

The Postmaster General thinks proper to make it publickly known, that whoever shall apprehend the Persons who committed this Robbery, or any of them, will, upon Conviction, be entitled to a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, besides the Reward by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen: Or if any Accomplice in the said Robbery shall make a Discovery of the Persons (or any of them) who committed the Fact, such Accomplice will be entitled to the said Reward of two Hundred Pounds, and also have his Majesty's most gracious Pardon.

By Order of the Postmaster General.

John Jesse, *Clerk.*

Admiralty Office, August 8, 1738.

His Majesty having been graciously pleased, by his Warrant under his Royal Sign Manual, dated the 10th of June, 1733, to establish certain Rules and Orders for the better Government of the Charity for the Relief of poor Widows of Commission and Warrant Officers of the Royal Navy: These are to give Notice to all such Widows, whose Husbands died on or since the 30th of August, 1732, that Copies of the said Rules and Orders are lodged with the Commissioners of his Majesty's Navy at Chatham, Sheerness, Portsmouth, and Plymouth, as also with the Clerks of the Cheques at Deptford and Woolwich, and the Naval Officers at Harwich, Deal, and Kinsale, where they may be informed of all Particulars which entitle them to the Benefit of the said Charity, and receive the proper Certificates for that Purpose: But such Widows as live at too great a Distance from the Places abovementioned, may apply by Letter to Thomas Corbett, Esq; at the Admiralty Office, who will send them all necessary Information. And the Governors of the said Charity intending to distribute some Relief to the Widows of such Sea Officers who died before the 30th of August, 1732, and whose Circumstances come within the Rules of the Establishment, these are to give Notice of the same to all such Widows, that they may procure the proper Certificates and Affidavits, and send or bring them hither. And the Court of Assistants do hereby give Notice, that they will meet at this Office on Tuesday the 19th of September next, at Eight of the Clock in the Morning, to receive the Claims of such Widows, as shall be qualified according to the said Rules and Orders.

The Court of Directors of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, give Notice, That a General Court will be held at the Bank on Thursday next, the 21st Instant, at Twelve a Clock at Noon, to consider of a Dividend; which will be also one of the Quarterly General Courts appointed by the Charter.

Advertise-